

ARIZONA WOOL IS SOLD AS HIGH AS 75 CENTS CLEAN

Fine Territories Reach 78 Cents: Considerable Demand and Increased Volume of Trading Evident.

Durand, Mass., May 18.—Sales of territory wool during the past week have been at fair proportions and have included some medium and some fine wools and up to latter a little of the new Arizona wool, which has been sold on the basis of 75 cents and average lots have readily brought 75 cents, which price very little wool has been available. Sales of quarter and three-quarter wools in the grade have been made at about 75 cents, which shows the real advance over recent quotations. Half-blood wools of fair staple are fetching about 50 cents clean basis while good wools are quite a little in excess of this figure and fine half-blood wools are bringing about 75 cents clean basis.

Activity in the west appears to multiply about to the extent that shipping of the fleece is increasing. About as fast as good fleece is being brought there appears to be somebody who wants it sufficiently to pay full price for it. Considerable wool is now being taken along the coast from Idaho and Montana and in the Idaho Springs section, while there is some activity also in Idaho and a little in Nevada.

In the territories, good medium clips are bringing anywhere from 20 to 25 cents and occasionally 25 cents. Some medium wool has been taken in the Idaho Springs section at 20 cents and in Montana a little wool has been taken at that price, also, while the better medium clips in Wi-

oming are bringing around 30 to 31 cents. The fine wools are selling anywhere from 22 or 23 cents up to 25 and 26 cents, with occasionally a better price paid for a choice wool. These wools are costing generally around 15 cents or better, depending upon the amount of staple in them.

The best staple clips are fetching a clean basis approximately 30 cents and some of the best half-blood clips are figured to cost possibly a little better than 30 cents clean landed basis. In the fleece wool sections the situation appears to be little changed from what it has been for several weeks. There is a little increase in the buying perhaps but eastern dealers do not appear to be doing any very large business. Indeed the bulk of the operations so far in the fleece states is said to be due to the local dealers who sometimes take the wool at high prices relatively because of other collateral interests. Good average medium wools are reported to be selling in Ohio, Michigan and New York state at about 15 to 16 cents to the former and occasionally a half-cent more is reported for a choice lot while fine wools in Ohio are quoted firmly by the farmers at 20 cents and up to 22 cents for delicate clips, although the amount of business thus far done has been comparatively small. In Virginia and Kentucky around 40 cents is asked by some farmers for the very best clips which will average to shrink for quarter and three-eighths clips, in round lots about 35 per cent.

The market has become more active again this week and while the turnover has not been so great as it was two weeks ago, when the big movement in territory wools occurred, it has been of very fair proportions. A little of everything seems to have been in demand and while individual sales have not been large, dealers assert that it is remarkable how the business totals up, although they do not seem to be especially busy from day to day.

Prices throughout the list are very firm and the tendency is towards a higher level if anything. The principal interest this week appears to have been in offerings of medium wools both foreign and domestic and these have been sold on a firm basis. There is a demand for good fine wools also and any good wool seems to be not at all neglected.

Everywhere, except in Liverpool at the East India wool auction, the market abroad is very firm indeed. At the Liverpool sale, which opened on Monday with prices unchanged from the previous sale, there has been a decline since the opening amounting to 3 per cent, for the best wools on the second day of the sale and on Wednesday this decline has become more pronounced and prices of the best wools were 7 1/2 per cent below the previous sale's levels. Offerings were heavy at this sale, amounting to 5,200 or more bales, and evidently the home trade is by no means as hungry for these particular wools as they were at the preceding series of sales.

Otherwise the English markets are not only firm but they are also dearer than they were. The Liverpool market being up a penny, a pound in average price, while elsewhere are also a bit firmer, especially for the over grades. Offerings from the cape and from Australian points are very firm indeed, one lot of good 64-26 wools having been offered from the latter point within a few days at a price which would mean fully 50 cents landed here. The offerings of the best season's clips are being made at around 33 cents for the average wools and a little more or less according to the wool's better or poorer.

From South America, offerings are chiefly of older and ends and the prices, as usual, are exceedingly firm. Chubert merinos costing 50 cents or more clean landed.

Shipments from the River Plate for the season to mid April are about 11,000 bales, including about 1,500 bales of Uruguayan wools.

The situation among the mills is not materially different from what it was a week ago. New business is not sought with any great avidity except at such extreme prices that business is thereby more or less curtailed. The mills are all very well employed as a rule and the volume of work is a continuation of present activity at the present rates for some time to come. Just how much business has been done in the past season's goods is problematical and no one seems to know beyond the fact



TOMORROW — SATURDAY — ALL DAY AND TO 9 P. M.

A SHELF-CLEANING DOUBLE-HEADER 5 AND 10-CENT SALE

At a Nickel Apiece You Can Buy—

10c and 15c Screwdrivers
10c Perforated Pie Pans
9-inch Pie Pans, 2 or 5c
10c Coat Hangers
Oblong Bread Pans
3 Tin Cups for 5c
Japaned Dust Pan
10c Aluminum Folding Drinking Cups

6-quart Milk Pans
1-quart Cups
10c and 15c Tea Strainers
10c Pot Chains
10c and 15c Cake Turnovers
10c Flesh Forks
10c and 15c Can Openers
1-quart Milk Cans
1-quart Covered Buckets

At a Dime Your Choice You Can Buy—

2- and 3-quart Covered Buckets
4-quart Granite Milk Pans
8-quart Tin Milk Pans
40 feet Wire Clothes Line
20c and 25c Butcher Knives
25c Razor Hones
20c and 25c Screwdrivers
2-quart Milk Kettles
20c White Granite Cups

10-quart Rinsing Pans
40 feet Mexican Clothes Line
24-inch Black Screen Wire, 10c yard
3x3 Sanded O. C. Loose Pin Butts
25c Knife Sharpener
15c and 20c Slamaker Padlocks
15c Egg Beaters

COME HERE WITH YOUR NICKELS

WHITNEY HARDWARE COMPANY

113-115-117 SOUTH FIRST STREET

COME HERE WITH YOUR DIMES

ELDERLY WOMEN SAFEGUARDED

Tell Others How They Were Carried Safely Through Change of Life.

Durand, Wis.—"I am the mother of fourteen children and I owe my life to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. When I was 45 and had the Change of Life, a friend recommended it and it gave me such relief from my bad feelings that I took several bottles. I am now well and healthy and recommend your Compound to other ladies."



—Mrs. MARY RIDGWAY, Durand, Wis.

A Massachusetts Woman Writes: "Blackstone, Mass.—"My troubles were from my age, and I felt awfully old for three years. I had hot flashes often and frequently suffered from pains. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and now am well."

—Mrs. PIERRE COURNOYER, Box 239, Blackstone, Mass.

Such warning symptoms as sense of suffocation, hot flashes, headaches, backaches, dizziness, palpitation of the heart, sparks before the eyes, irregularities, constipation, variable appetite, weakness and dizziness, should be heeded by middle-aged women. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has carried many women safely through this crisis.

SOUTHERN FRONT NOW WITNESSING HEAVIEST BATTLE

Austrians Commence General Offensive Against Italians Along Whole Line From Alps to Adriatic.

(By Evening Herald Special Wire) Rome, Italy, April 20.—(U. P.) Reports from two weeks indicate that the heaviest fighting of the war between Italy and Austria has been in progress in the region of Bolzano and the surrounding valleys, where there is every reason to believe that a comparatively large amount of fighting has already been done.

From 10 to 15 miles in width of the front which have been sold principally. The volume of report orders is of moderate proportions only but manufacturers are getting full orders for every kind of cloth they sell.

Spinnery and top-makers report a moderate demand only for their product and prices firm or unchanged from the quotations which have been prevailing for several weeks. Manufacturers are giving specifications on their yarn contracts for several months ahead in order to be sure of their needs being supplied in good time and apparently such a course is quite justified by the present situation.

ence that the Austrians have been a general offensive against the Italians from the Alps to the Adriatic. Many bodies of Austrian soldiers killed in the fighting are said to be floating down the river Adige.

The Austrians have brought several batteries of their heaviest guns from Germany and have installed them near Gorizia and Montebelluna, where the staff of Archduke Frederick has arrived. The Austrians are also pushing troops from Innsbruck into the region of Trent.

Since troops on the frontier report that the Austrian positions on the Adige range have recently been greatly strengthened and that the artillery duels are increasing in intensity.

OTERO DELEGATION CHOSEN TUESDAY

Alamogordo, N. M., May 18.—Delegates to represent Otero county at the Democratic state convention in Albuquerque next week were chosen Tuesday at a county convention here. The delegation is as follows:

Ben Longwell, Alamogordo; C. V. Clayton and Augustine Doran, Tularosa; Joe S. Morgan, James L. Law, and Thomas O'Reilly, Alamogordo. The alternates were J. P. Cadwallader, Mountain Park; N. Prado, P. Hernandez and O. W. Miller, Tularosa; J. W. Prince, Mesquite, Joe Torres, Alamogordo.

Methodist Conference Opens.

Roswell, N. M., May 18.—About thirty lay and ministerial delegates are here attending the sessions of the district conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, South, which will be in session here until Sunday. Ministers from all over eastern New Mexico are here for the meeting.

MOMEN WILL GET SUFFRAGE AFTER WAY, IS BELIEF

Cristobal Pankhurst Believes Militancy Will Not Be Necessary to Secure Franchise When Hostilities End.

(Associated Press Correspondent) Rome, Italy, April 20.—(U. P.) "It is not necessary for women to smash windows and go to jail and get their rights when this war is over," said Cristobal Pankhurst, a correspondent of the Associated Press during the first year of the war, at the opening of a dinner in honor of the women of Italy with those of France and England.

"This war is helping the cause of women wonderfully," she continued. "We are helping the men with all our might, with all our strength, and I am sure they will appreciate this fact when the war is over. Besides, I think they will be mentally and physically fitter than they were before the war started. There has been an emancipation, for instance, of the amount of physical destruction caused by it, but one cannot exaggerate the mental awakening it has brought and this means a broader outlook on the position of women."

"This mental male revolution was surely needed both in England and in Germany. I feel that in helping to

down Germany, as the women of England, France, Italy and Russia are doing by their physical work, we are helping down the great enemy of womanhood. The Kaiser's son, who has always frustrated the efforts of German women to rise from the subordinate position, and he typifies the attitude of the German men. At that, however, the German women will have to fight out their own salvation after the war, along with the men. They won't get any help from us. There has been too much internationalism here. Now, it will be a matter for each nation to solve many of its own problems and in particular the German nation."

"England has been doing out of conservatism at last. We women have shown English men that we are worth something, that we are not inferior creatures. I am sure that it would not be long before the women of the war would have been ready to go. One of our mistakes has been that the young men, the men who were in the front, have been left to fight leaving the old, slow-witted men in charge. Take the case of the effort to get the men out of the front to get them back for the men so that they might be protected from bullets and especially from bits of exploding shells. After these helmets had proven useful in France, the old men in England have still been discussing the advisability of using them."

"Our women have been in charge of the supplying of their soldiers with protecting helmets. Do you suppose they would have hesitated to manufacture them in a hurry? Women are too efficient for that. Besides, their very best would have urged them on."

"Perhaps the largest lesson for men in this war, as regards us, is that women know how to do men's work, and often better than men themselves. English women are driving motor cars, are working in the factories, on the farms everywhere. In England we have once more learned the lesson of the dignity of labor with the hands, and with women's hands at that. Today no woman in England, no matter what her rank, is afraid to work, and this is a lesson we in England will not forget after the war. That's one reason why I have always admired the people in the United States—they appreciate the honor of labor, of hard work, and are not ashamed of it. And pity them if their wealth makes them ever forget this truth."

"The dignity of labor, of woman's labor, is going to have a large influence on the marriage question, on the question of population. It has been asked: What will become of the young men of Europe of marriageable age after the war is over, when there are not enough husbands to go around or when the men feel themselves too poor to get married and assume the responsibility of family life?"

"Well, the women who have been unmarried will care their husbands as they have always done if they will work and keep on contributing their services to the nation, in a greater degree than in the past. But we must admit that a happy marriage is the only sensible thing for any woman, and I think that the marrying man's fear of poverty will be gotten around in this way. Women are ready to work now outside of their homes, there is no longer any stigma attached to it, and they will keep on doing so, joining their wages with those of their husbands to maintain the home."

"This is the season of the year when the children should be provided with our good Play Shoes. We have just received a full line of tan Barfoot sandals and black and white Tennis Slippers and Shoes. Our prices are very reasonable. C. May's Shoe Store, 214 West Central avenue.

Looking for a job? Try a Herald Want Ad.

SUBMARINES OF ALLIES ACTIVE FOR FIRST TIME

German Steamer Hera Sent to Bottom This Morning in Baltic; Two Other Vessels Sunk by Russian Boat.

Stockholm, Wednesday, May 17. (U. P.) London May 18, 6:37 p. m.—The German steamer Hera was sunk this morning off Landsort in the Baltic.

The sinking of the Hera marks the first activity of British submarines in the Baltic this season. The Hera left Stockholm on Tuesday to take on 2,000 tons of iron ore at Oxelund. Her captain was ordered on board the submarine with the ship's papers and taken prisoner. Sufficient time was given the crew to leave the ship. All on board were saved.

The report of the submarine activity has stopped the movement of merchant German vessels with cargoes of iron ore now at Oxelund and other ports.

TWO GERMAN STEAMERS SUNK BY SUBMARINE
London, May 17, 10:04 p. m.—The sinking of two German steamships by a submarine, believed to be a Russian, is reported in a Russian dispatch from Stockholm. The steamships were the Kola and the Hanka.

HOLLAND NOT SURE MINE SUNK BATAVIER
London, May 17, 12:10 p. m.—The Dutch authorities are not altogether satisfied that the steamship Batavier, which was blown up in the North sea with the loss of four lives, was sunk by a mine. They have ordered an examination of the ship by divers to establish the cause of the disaster.

The death of Louis Menzies, an American citizen of Roswell, N. M., is something of a mystery, as he was provided with a life belt. It is assumed, however, that he was hit by wreckage or drawn down by suction.

GIVEN FUNERAL IS HELD AT SILVER CITY
Silver City, N. M., May 18.—The funeral of Charles E. Given, secretary to the physician in charge of the Cottage sanitarium here, was held Wednesday. Given, through a layman, was an authority on tuberculosis. He died Sunday night. He leaves two sisters, one of whom, Miss Katherine Given, accompanied the body east for burial.

The body was escorted to the depot by a delegation of Elks. Services will be held by the Masonic order of which he was a member in Philadelphia.

ONLY ONE STEP IS LEFT TO MAKE THE ARMY MEASURE LAW

Washington, May 18.—Only approval by the house of the conference report on the army reorganization bill was necessary today to complete the legislation. The senate has adopted the conference report on the measure. Final action by the house is looked for within a day or so.



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